

iziGi

THE OFFICIAL NEWSLETTER OF SAFDA
MAY.2022 - JULY.2022

ZABALIMI



RV PRICE APRIL 2021: R5 621,76 (An increase of R287,40 vs March 2022). D Factor 0,482473

PG
3-4

I-SAFDA ihambise imishini ebalulekile kubalimi abasathuthuka



PG
4-5

I-SAFDA isize abalimi abasathuthuka embonini kamoba ekutholeni inani eliphezulu lokukhokhelwa ngomoba wabo



PG
6-7

Izimvula ezinkulu zenze umonakalo omkhulu kumasimi omoba



PG
7-8

I-SAFDA ithole uxhaso lwembewu kuhulumeni



CONTENTS

3-4

I-SAFDA ihambise imishini ebalulekile kubalimi abasathuthuka



4-5

I-SAFDA isize abalimi abasathuthuka embonini kamoba ekutholeni inani eliphezulu lokukhokhelwa ngomoba wabo



6-7

Izimvula ezinkulu zenze umonakalo omkhulu kumasimi omoba



7-8

I-SAFDA ithole uxhaso lwembewu kuhulumeni



8-9

Kulethwe amazwi enduduzo ngokudlula kuka Moses Thumbathi no- Joseph Mbuyazi



10-11

I-CPA yase-Mpumalanga ithole uxhaso lwezigidi ukuze ishintshe izinto



12

Umlimi omncane kamoba wenza ezibukwayo nakwimfuyo



13-14

I-SAFDA ibambisane ne-Green Cloud Technologies ukuhlola nokuhlaziya uhlelo lokulima lwe-DARD.



14

Intsha yasemakhaya ithole iziqu ezimqoka zembali yezolimo



15

Mpumalanga Siyanqoba isingathe imbizo ebeyimpumelelo



16-17

I-SAFDA ilulele amaphiko ayo e-Eastern Cape



18

Kuthulwe uSoseshini Wabalimi baseMthonjaneni



19

Amathuba abalimi bethu eNingizimu Afrika avela kumkhiqizo We-Hemp Cannabis Sativa I



I-SAFDA IHAMBISE IMISHINI EBALULEKILE KUBALIMI ABASATHUTHUKA



Abalimi abasathuthuka, phecelezi ama-SSGs basezifundeni eziyisithupha KwaZulu-Natali nesisodwa eMpumalanga bazohlomula ngemishini yokusebenza yezigidi zamarandi okuzokwenza bakwazi ukuthuthukisa umsebenzi wabo. Umcimbi wokwethulwa kwalemishini obubanjelwe eGingindlovu ubuthanyelwe izinkulungwane zabalimi abasathuthuka abebevela ezindaweni ezahlukeni kulesifundazwe. Lokhu kwenzeke ngemuva kokubambisana phakathi kwe-Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (DALRRD) nenhlango ye-South African Farmers Development Association (SAFDA), okuyiyona emele abalimi abasathuthuka kulemboni. Usihlalo Ophezulu we-SAFDA, uDkt Siyabonga Madlala uveze ukuthokoza kwakhe kulomcimbi, waze washaya nengoma yesintu ekhombisa ukujabula. "Lokhu kuwumlando omkhulu woxhaso

lukahulumeni ekuthuthukiseni abalimi embonini kashukela. Ama-FPSUs, phecelezi ama-Farmer Production Support Units asinikeza izindlela eziningi zokusiza abalimi ukuze benze umsebenzi, balande umkhiaqizo, bawugcine futhi balungiselele ukuwudayisa ezimakethe zendawo. Ama-FPSUs ayingqikithi yalokhu obekudingwa abalimi sonke lesikhatshi. Ngidlulisa ukubonga kwami okukhulu emnyangweni ngokufeza iphupho labalimi bethu. Kusakela manje, sizosebenzisa lemishini nezikhungo esizinikwe uhulumeni ngendlela ezosiza bonke abalimi bethu," kusho uDkt Madlala. Lomcimbi ubuthanyelwe izikhulu eziphezulu okubalwa kuzo uSekela Ngqongqoshe uMcebisi Skwatsha, MEC Bongi Sithole-Moloi, ilungu lephalamende, amasekela ezimeya asendaweni neNkosi yendawo. U-MEC nasekela lakhe bobabili bagcizelele ukweseka kwabo abalimi abasathuthukisa, baqinisekisa nokuthi bazosiza



ngezinsiza- kusebenza namanye amathuba ukuze bathuthuke. Lemishini edlule ku R66 million (iphume kwa-DALRRD), kubalwa kuyo ogandaganda namaloli. Ngalokhu kubambisana, i-SAFDA izohola uhlelo lokusetshenziswa kwayo lemishini. Ama-units ezenzelwe ukusiza abalimi ayisithupha KwaZulu-Natali kube neyodwa eMpumalanga. Lomsebenzi uzokwenziwa ngohlelo lwama-FPSUs, wona achazwa njengezikhungo zomkhakha wezolimo ezizoba sezindaweni zasemakhaya ezakhelwe ukusiza abalimi ngomsebenzi wabo wokukhiqiza nokudayisa izitshalo okubalwa nokusetshenziswa kwemishini.



Kuhlelo lwama-FPSU, abalimi bangalindela lokhu okulandelayo kodwa kukhona nokunye abazokuthola okungabaliwe ngezansi:

- Usizo ngezithombo nembewu ezizokwenza kwenziwe umkhqizo osezingeni eliphezulu.
- Usizo olwengeziwe nokuqeqeshwa, kusetshenziswa amanyuvesi, abantu abaneziqo kwezolimo kanye nokubambisana ne-Narysec, lapho Kuzokwakhiwa khona ubudlelwano nabalimi kuleminyaka eyishumi ezayo.
- Usizo lwemishini yokusebenza (ukushayelwa kogandaganda, ukulima, ukufafaza amakhemikhali, ukuvuna njll.)
- Izindawo zokulungiswa kwemishini yokusebenza
- Usizo kwezokuthutha imikhqizo, okungabalwa kukho ukuhanjiswa kwezitshalo ezimakethe nokuthuthwa kwezitshalo ngemuva kokuvunwa.
- Ukulandwa kwezitshalo ezikhqiziwe.
- Ukukalwa kwemikhqizo nezitoko.
- Ukuhlelwa kahle kwezitshalo ukuze zidayiswe ezimakethe zendawo nakwezinye izimakethe.
- Ukupakishwa kwemikhqizo ukuze idayiswe ezimakethe zendawo
- Izindawo zokugcina umkhqizo.
- Ukwenziwa komkhqizo wezimakethe zendawo (imishini emincane njll.)
- Izindawo zokudayisa ezimakethe zendawo
- Ukunikezela ngolwazi lwezimakethe ikakhulu amanani emikhqizo eyahlukene.
- Abalimi abafuna usizo nolwazi ku-FPSU bazobhalisa kwi-FPSU abayithandayo.
- Isikhungo sokuthuthukisa nokuqeqeshwa kwamabhezini amancane.
- Isikhungo sokugcinwa kwezimali
- Isikhungo sikaphethilomu nodizili

I-SAFDA ISIZE ABALIMI ABASATHUTHUKA EMBONINI KAMOB A EKUTHOLENI INANI ELIPHEZULU LOKUKHOKHELWA NGOMOB AWABO

Ngasekupheleni kwe-season ka 2021/2022, abalimi abasathuthuka bakhokhelwe nge-premium price ebalelwa ku R60 million isihlanganisiwe njengesivumelwano sethimba le-Grower Masterplan ngaphansi kwezinhlelo ze-Sugar Master Plan okwatuswa ibhodi ye-Council ye-South African Sugar Association (SASA).

Ukukhokhelwa kwabalimi inani eliphezulu (premium price) kuhambisana nezinhloso ze-Sugarcane-Base Value Chain Master Plan zokuqinisekisa impumelelo yabalimi nokubagcina kulemboni. Abalimi abasathuthuka okungama-SSGs bazohlomula ngalamanani njengoba ezohambisana nezimakethe

zakulelizwe, bakwazi nokubuyiswa imali elahlekile ezimakethe zakwamanye amazwe futhi aphinde akhiphe ukuvuleleka ngaphandle emnothweni kwezindawo ezikude nemishini kamoba okwenza izindleko zokukhiqiza zibe phezulu. Embonini kashukela izimakethe zamazwe angaphandle zinhlanhlaka futhi zilahlekelwa kakhulu. Ingakho Ukungenelela kwethu bekudingeka ukuze sivikele inzuzo yabalimi abasathuthuka futhi sibalungiselele izinkinga ezikhona ezimakethe zamazwe angaphandle.

Le master plan ka shukela ingenye yezinhlelo ezethulwe uMongameli uCyril Ramaphosa ngesikhathi kuqhubeka i-SONA yango 2019





futhi yaqinisekiswa uNgqongqoshe we-Trade, Industry and Competition u-Ebrahim Patel kwisamelo-zimali sakhe ngonyaka ofanayo. Inhloso enkulu yalezinhlelo ukuvuselela izimboni ezibhekene nezinkinga futhi kukhuliswe umnotho. I-master plan ka shukela yaphothulwa futhi yasayinwa iziphathimandla zemboni kashukela ngo Novemba ka 2020. I-SAFDA iphakamisa izandla kuNgqongqoshe uPatel nowe-Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development, uThoko Didiza, asebedlale indima enkulu futhi bongamela umsebenzi obuwenziwa kule master plan, okuyimanje isiletha imivuzo emihle kubalimi bakamoba.

Abalimi abasembonini kashukela bakhokhelwa ngohlelo lwe-Recoverable Value (RV) olubheka kakhulu imali etshaliwe ngesikhathi kwenziwa umsebenzi wokulima nokutshala ukuze kuphume umoba osezingeni eliphezulu. Ngenxa yezingqinamba eziningi okubalwa kukho ukuhlupheka kwabalimi, amabanga amade aya emshinini wokugaya umoba, ukungabi nemishini yokutshala yabo, kwenza abalimi bangakwazi ukhiqiza umoba osezingeni elifanele. Inani le-RV lihlanganisa imali yokudayisa

ushukela ezimakethe zakulelizwe nezasemazweni angaphandle "I-SAFDA izoqhubeka nokulwela ukuthi bonke abalimi baphile izimpilo ezingcono, ikakhulukazi abalimi abasathuthuka," kusho uDkt Siyabonga Madlala, onguSihlalo Ophezulu kwa-SAFDA. Uphinde wengeza ngokuthi: "Izinhlelo zokungenelela ze-premium price zifike ngesikhathi esifanele futhi izosiza kakhulu. Unyaka ka 2021 ubugcwele izidubedube zokuluthwa kanye nezikhukhula ezidale umonakalo omkhulu emapulazini abalimi. Lemali izosiza abalimi bakwazi ukubuyisela isimo kwesijwayelekile besalinde uxhaso-mali lukahulumeni."

Umlimi osathuthuka, uRoseline Makwakwa, oneminyaka engu-84 wakwaHoyi eMpumalanga akakwazanga ukubamba injabulo yakhe ngesikhathi ethola i-SMS. "Ngesikhathiniqala ukubona lemali ekuseni, angikholwanga. Ngithanda ukubonga i-SAFDA ngokusiseka njalo singabalimi abasathuthuka. Lemali izosiza kakhulu. Asikaze sikubone lokhu phambilini. Selokhu kwafika i-SAFDA, sibona izimanga," kusho uMakwakwa. Kusenjalo uDentro Mkhwanazi wase-Felixton Empangeni

esifundazweni saKwaZulu-Natali abalimi bebengakwazi ukuthola usizo phambili kodwa sekushintshile lokhu selokhu kwafika i-SAFDA yabatakula ezikweletini eziningi abebezenza ngenhloso yokuziphilisa. "Ngisathukile, bengingakulindele lokhu futhi ngibonga i-SAFDA ngalolusizo. Yonke into ihamba kahle ngibala ngomanyolo esiwuthole ngo 2019, okutshengisa ngokusobala ukuthi lenhlangano inendaba nathi," kusho uMkhwanazi.

.Ukukhokhelwakwabalimi i-premium price kunezele ezinhlelweni zokuletha ushintsho ze-SASA ezagunyazwa ngo 29 Novemba 2018 ezazifika ku R1 billion esikhathini seminyaka emihlanu. Ngalemali yoxhaso ohlelweni, uR200 million unikezwa abalimi ngonyaka ngokulandela izinhlelo ezingu-8 ezithole ukushintshwa kancane imboni ukuze kubhekelelwe ezinye izidingo njengokugcwalisela emalini yemifundaze yakulemboni. Zonke lezinhlelo sezihlanganisiwe zizosiza abalimi abasathuthuka (SSGs) ukuthi bazinzise amabhizinisi ikakhulukazi ngalesikhathi kungatshalwa khona izitshalo ezithile.

IZIMVULA EZINKULU ZENZE UMONAKALO OMKHULU KUMASIMI OMOBA

Izimvula ezinkulu nesimo sezulu esingasihle esabakhona KwaZulu-Natali ekuqaleni kuka Disemba ka 2021 kube nomthelela ongemuhle kubalimi bethu abaningi. Imvula kuhlale kuyinto enhle kubalimi kodwa imvula enkulu kakhulu ilimaza izitshalo, idale ukuvuza nokulimala kwezakhiwo.

Ngokwamarekhodi e-SAFDA, umonakalo owenzeke kumoba ufinyelele ngaphezulu kuka 2000ha womoba kanti futhi nezinye izitshalo zokungenisa imali zichaphazelekile. Isikhwama sikamanyolo sibiza uR750 sisodwa kanti i-hectare ngalinye lidinga izikhwama zomanyolo ezingu-8, ngenxa yalezimvula abalimi bethu baphoqelekile ukuthi bakhiphe izimali zabo ukuze bathenge izinto zokutshala. Uma kubhekwa lama-hectare abaliwe ngaphezulu, abalimi badinga okungenani izikhwama ezingu 16 000 zomanyolo okufika ku R12 000 000. Abalimi kuzodingeka bazifake umanyolo izitshalo futhi basebenzise namakhemikhali okuxosha ukhula olukhula ngokushesha ngemuva kwezimvula ezinkulu. Lokhu kusho ukuthi izindleko zabalimi zizophindeka kabili. Lokhu kusho ukuthi abathengi kufanele balindele amanani aphezulu okudla okulinyiwe ngenxa yalomonakalo. Amanani aphezulu azodalwa ukuthi abalimi kufanele batshale kabusha, bathenge umanyolo nembewu entsha njengoba konakale imbewu namakhemikhali. Abanye abalimi babike ukuthi kube nomonakalo kwizakhiwo okubalwa kuzo izindlu zokuhlala, konakala imigwaqo nezindonga zemifula. Lomonakalo olandelayo ubikwe abalimi bethu:

- Ukuvuza komanyolo namakhemikhali



- Ukuguguleka komhlabathi
- Ukugcwala kwamanzi emasimeni
- Imigwaqo yasemasimini ibenomonakalo
- Amapulazi kamoba agcwale inhlabathi
- Izitshalo zokudla zigcwale amanzi
- Umonakalo kumoba (umoba ugugulwe izikhukhula)
- Imigwaqo yobhuqu igugulekile
- Umonakalo ezindlini zamapulazi nezakhiwo zama-workshop
- Umonakalo ezindongweni zomfula

Kubalimi abasathuthuka, i-SAFDA ikubhekile ukuthi izitshalo abanazo ukuphela kwazo. Uma bengasizwa ngokushesha, kuzophela ngomsebenzi wabo futhi baphume unomphelo ebhizinisini. Abalimi abafana noMatozi Simelane, olime eMakhathini eJozini uphelelwe amandla

ngesikhathi ebona umonakalo owenzeke ensimini yakhe. Utshale amaklabishi endaweni engu 2ha lapho athenga khona izithombo eziwu 50 000, ne-butternut ka 1ha kanti zonke lezitshalo zishabalale ngenxa yezikhukhula. "Ngesikhathi ngibona isimo samaklabishi ne-butternut yami bengicabanga ukuthi ngiyaphupha, yonke into ibimbozwe amanzi futhi ngabona lapho ukuthi kuphele konke ngoba abekho abantu nezitolo ezizothenga izitshalo ezinje. Kube buhlungu ngoba ngisebenzise imali yami ngenhloso yokulima okuhlukile kodwa konke lokhu kuphinde iphupho," kusho Simelane.

I-SAFDA ihambele abalimi futhi yahlola umonakalo owenzekile. Njengamanjengesicele i-Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development ukuthi isize

abalimi abathintekile. Sidinga usizo oluvela kuhulumeni ukuze abalimi babuyise lokhu okubalahlekele. Sesicele imbewu ngokushesha kanye nokokubulala izihlahla ezingalunile emasimini abalimi. Lokhu kubalulekile ekwenzeni umkhiqizo ngoba ukutshala ngesikhathi nangendlela efanele ikhona okwenza uvune izitshalo ezinhle ekugcineni. Kunesidingo futhi sokuthi kwakhiwe kabusha ezinye zezakhiwe ezilimalile. Abahlahla umoba nabanye

abasebenzi basemapulazini bazodinga izindawo zokuhlala ezilungisiwe. Imigwaqo idinga ukulungiswa ngokushesha, kubalwa eyasemapulazini neyokungena kumafamu njengoba yona ithatha isikhathi eside ukubuyela esimweni. Uma sekuqalwa ukuvuna, lemigwaqo kufanele ibe isilungisiwe, okungenjalo kuzobanzima ukulanda umoba osuhlahliwe uyiswe emishinini.

UDkt Siyabonga Madlala,

onguSihlalo Ophezulu we-SAFDA, uthe izwe lisabhekene namanani aphezulu okudla ngenxa yezigemegegeme zika July, kanye nomonakalo owenziwe imvula okwenze abathengi babhekana nembazo yamanani aphezulu okudla. "Imvula into enhle futhi embi. Siyayidinga imvula, kodwa uma isinetha kakhulu ithikameza ukutshala futhi ibulala izinsiza-kusebenza nezitshalo, singaqiniseka nje ukuthi amanani okudla azonyuka." kuphetha uDkt Madlala.



I-SAFDA ITHOLE

UXHASO

LWEMBEWU

KUHULUMENI



Ngezingxoxo nokusebenzisana ne-Department of Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs (EDTEA), i-SAFDA isiphothule isivumelwano sokusebenzisana seminyaka emithathu okuhloswe ngaso ukusiza abalimi abasathuthuka ngembewu abazoyisebenzisa emasimini. Lesivumelwano sizosiza iqembu

ngalinye lama-SSGs emikhandlwini ekhiqiza umoba KwaZulu-Natali kuleminyaka emithathu ezayo, okuhlose ukuveza imivuzo yokutshala ngesikhathi esifanele kusetshenziswa uhlobo oluthile lwembewu – okuzokhuthaza abalimi abangomakhelwane uma bebona inzuzo kanye nezitshalo ezengeziwe. Umnyango we-EDTEA uzofaka

u-R12 million kuloluhlelo eminyakeni emithathu lapho uPhase 1 uzoqala khona e-South Coast, kulandele uPhase 2 eNorth -Coast, bese kuthi uPhase 3 ubesezindaweni ezise-Jozini nakwaMakhathini. Isigaba ngasinye sizoba nesabelo-zimali sika R4 million.

Izinhloso zale-Project

	Unyaka wokuqala	Unyaka wesibili	Unyaka wesithathu	TOTAL
Inani labalimi abasebancane abazosizwa	629	621	594	1 844
Ama-hectare azofakwa imbewu	881	869	832	2 582

Amanani anyukayo embewu abenomthelela kwinani lezikhwama zembewu ebezizothengwa kanti amakomidi abalimi acele ukuthi kuncishiswe izikhwama ezingu-10

zibe yisithupha ukuze kuzohlomula abalimi abanengi. Lokhu kuvunyiwe i-Project Management Committee okuholele ekutheni abangu 731 bathole izikhwama eziyisithupha

ezizotshalwa kuma-hectare angu 1 153, okugcine sekufike kwizikhwama ezingu 6 750 ezikhishelwe abalimi.

KULETHWE AMAZWI ENDUDUZO NGOKUDLULA KUKA MOSES THUMBATHI NO- JOSEPH MBUYAZI



UMoses Thumbathi ubengumholi oqotho futhi obephatha bonke abantu ngenhlonipho kungakhathaleki isikhundla, iminyaka nobulili kwa-SAFDA. "Ukuqala kwami ukuhlengana naye, akubanga lula njengoba mina bengimbona njengomuntu obukhuni futhi ohlakaniphile futhi onomthetho. Uma siqhubeka sazana kangcono naye futhi sisebenzisana, ngibone ubuntu abenabo nenhliziyo enhle, nokuthi umuntu obuthanda ukuthi izinto ngendlela efanele," kubeka uNathi Phakathi osebenze naye kakhulu eMpumalanga. UThumbathi ubewuthanda umndeni wakhe futhi enetshisakalo nge-Matsamo CPA. "Besincokola naye siphinde sikhulume ngezinkinga zomsebenzi naye futhi sijabulela nokuhle esikuzuzile. Ubefana nobaba wethu ehhovisi futhi enemfudumalo," kuchaza uPhakathi. I-Matsamo CPA ibifuna nengane yakhe uThumbathi. Uma bekunesidingo sokuthi ithimba lethu lishaye lezungeze amasimi ubengakhonondi. Ubehlale enomdlandla uma kukhulunywa ngokuthuthukiswa komphakathi wase-Matsamo. Ubeyithanda inhlango ye-SAFDA futhi efuna ukuyibona iphumelela. Uma kunemihlangano, esikhathini

esiningi ubethula uma ekhuluma ubeza nezixazululo nezeluleko. Ubengusihlalo we-Land Reform MAC and REC yaseMpumalanga futhi ubekulamakomidi alandelayo (Council, CTS, Development, Nomination, Sugar Research and Sustainable Agriculture, Sugar ACT and Agreement Strategic Review).

I-Matsamo ne-SAFDA balahlekelwe umholi oqotho. Indoda ebinezinhlelo ezinhle nge-Matsamo ne-SAFDA, nalapho azame ngamandla akhe wonke ukuqhuba umkhumbi awuyise empumelelweni ngokuqinisekisa ukuthi izinhloso ze-Matsamo CPA, Mpumalanga LR MAC, REC neze-SAFDA ziyafezwa. I-Matsamo CPA ngokusizwa SAFDA, basanda kugunyazelwa i-business plan osekunesikhathi yabakhona, nalapho esizothola khona uxhaso lwezimali. "Sisebenze kanzima kule business plan, futhi bekuzosho okukhulu kuye ukuthola uxhaso kwe-Matsamo CPA. Alale ngoxolo. Sizohlala simkhumbula. Zonke izimfundiso asiphe zona angeke sizikhohlwe. Sizohubeka lapho agcine khona." – **Kubhale uNathi Phakathi no-Shapo Mavimbela**

KULETHWE AMAZWI ENDUDUZO NGOKUDLULA KUKA MOSES THUMBATHI NO- **JOSEPH MBUYAZI**



JOSEPH MBUYAZI



“Uwile umuthi omkhulu” ikhona okufikayo uma ngicabanga uBaba Mbuyazi, obengubaba wethu futhi engumholi oqotho, kusho uNomkhosi Dlodlo osebenze kakhulu no-Mbuyazi. Ukuzotha kwakhe nenhliziyo enhle ithinte izimpilo zabaningi futhi kwasizana abanengi abantu. Bekuyimvelo ukusiza abantu kuMbuyazi, lapho ebenikela khona ngesikhathi sakhe, imali kanye nezeluleko.

UMbuyazi ubengumlimi ongaphansi kohlelo lokubuyiselwa umhlaba futhi engusihlalo wesifunda, nalapho ebebeka khona izidingo zabalimi phambili, kubalwa abama-SSGs nabangaphansi kohlelo lokubuyiselwa umhlaba. Ungomunye wabalimi abangaphansi kohlelo lokubuyiselwa umhlaba ababambe iqhaza ekusungulweni kwe-SAFDA. Ubekholelwa kwi-SAFDA futhi

eyibona njengenhlangano esizayo ekuthuthukiseni kwabalimi ngokwenza izimpilo zabo zibengcono futhi bakwazi ukuthola inzuzo ngamasimi abo. Ubezinikele ekwakheni ikusasa eliqhakazile kubalimi bama-SSGs nalabo ababuyiselwa umhlaba eMfolozi. Ngaphansi kobuholi bakhe, ubeqinisekisa ukuthi uxhumana nazo zonke izinhlobo ukuze kuhlomule abalimi.

UMbuyazi ubeyinsika emphakathini esiza ngaso sonke isikhathi futhi enza konke okusemandleni ukuthi umphakathi uyasizakala. Ubengumholi oyisibonelo esihle, futhi obekhombisa uthando nenhlonipho kubo bonke abantu kungakhathaleki ukuthi abesilisa noma abesifazane futhi engabheki iminyaka.

I-CPA YASE-MPUMALANGA ITHOLE UXHASO LWEZIGIDI UKUZE ISHINTSHE IZINTO

I-Matsamo CPA ithole uxhaso lwemali luka R 32 989 425, olugunyazwe i-Department of Agriculture, land Reform and Rural Development (DALRRD), ngenhloso yokuqala kabusha ukutshalwa komoba endaweni engu-200 hectares, ubhanana ongu-65 hectares of banana, ukuvuselela indawo yokutshala engu- on 230ha, ukunakekelwa komhlaba kanye nokuthengwa kwemishini emisha. I-Matsamo CPA inabahlomula kuyo abangu 10 000 (imizi engu 1 600). Loluxhaso lwezimali luzosiza ifamu likwazi ukufeza izinhloso elizibekile zona futhi kuthengwe amathuluzi okusebenza nemishini ebalulekile, bakwazi nokugcina imali eyanele ebhizinisini. I-Matsamo CPA inamafamu amahlanu, wonke okungawomphakathi wase Matsamo athengwa uhulumeni ngaphansi kohlelo

lokubuyiselwa komhlaba nalapho anikezelwa ngokusemthethweni kulomphakathi ngo 2011. Lamafamu esehlenganisiwe angakwazi ukuqasha ngokuphelele abantu abangu-600 nabetoho abasuka ku 150 kuya ku 300. Inhlango ye-SAFDA izofakwa ama-agent kulamafamu. I-SAFDA inegatsha elongamela amafamu elizosebenza kulephrojekthi.

Oyi-Secretary we-Matsamo CPA, u-Advocate Bernard Shabangu uthi njenge-CPA bajabule kakhulu ngaloluxhaso lwezimali abaluthole kulomnyango futhi bakhululekile njengoba uhambo lwabo lokuthola loluxhaso belungelula. "Lemali izosisiza njengabaphathi abasha ku CPA ukuze sithuthukise amanye amafamu okuzokwenziwa kuwo umkhinqizo. Siqale loluhambo kusukela ngo 2010 ngemuva

kokubuyiselwa umhlaba lapho esiqale khona ukufaka izicelo zoxhaso lwezimali ukuze sithuthukise amafamu ethu, kusithathe iminyaka engu-12 ukuthola usizo, futhi sijabule kakhulu ngalokhu," kusho uShabangu. Uphinde wathi uShabangu uxhaso abaluthole kwa-SAFDA angeke lwakaleka njengoba babeseka ngesikhathi beqala ukujoyina lenhlango, futhi manje sebevuna imivuzo yokuba ngaphansi kwe-SAFDA.

Kusukela ngo 2009, ama-hectare alinganiselwa ku 8 000 asedluliselwe kubalimi abangaphansi kwale-CPA. Umhlaba omningi we-Matsamo CPA udluliselwe ngaphansi kwesivumelwano se-lease agreement esenziwe uhulumeni nalabo abebengabanikazi bomhlaba phambilini. Izinhlelo zikahulumeni nokubambezeleka



kuholele ekwakhekeni kobudlelwano njengoba ama-CPA ephoqekele ukuba athole ophathina abanemali ukuze baqinisekise ukuthi umkhqizo uyaqhubeka kumafamu. Inhlalo enkulu yalokhu bewukunyusa inzuzo etholwa ilomphakathi nokwakha amathuba amahle emisebenzi emphakathini nokuthuthukisa umkhakha wezolimo ngokwenza umsebenzi omuhle wokutshala. Okunye okuhle ngalephrojekthi ukuthi ibizoba isibonelo esihle sempumelelo nokudluliselwa

komhlaba.

Lamafamu njengamanje akhiqiza ubhanana, umoba, amalintshi, umango kanye nezitshalo ezahlukene zokudla. I-Matsamo CPA ihlose ukusebenzisa ngokuphelele umhlaba abanawo ngokutshala lezitshalo ezibaliwe ngenhla futhi inezinhlelo zokwethula kancane izimbali ezizokhulisa inzuzo ngokuhamba kwesikhathi. I-Matsamo CPA ihlele ukongamela lezindawo ngohle lwabo

lokuphatha ibhizinisi okuzokwenza ukuthi amafamu asebenze kahle. Ukuqalwa kabusha kwalelifamu kuzokwakha amathuba emisebenzi kubantu basemiphakathini engomakhelwane. I-Matsamo CPA ihlose ukuphakamisa amabhizinisi ezolimo aphethwe abantu abamnyama, inikeze amathuba okuthuthukisa amabhizinisi, ukudlulisela amakhono, ukuvikela imvelo futhi bathuthukise umnotho wasezindaweni zasemakhaya.

Grant Funding breakdown	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/25	
BANANA (Planting; Ratoon; Irrigation)	R10 607 528	R0	R0	R0	R0	R10 607 528
Total Planting Cost (R85 889,00/ha)	R5 582 775					
Total Ratoon Cost (R15 399,92/ha)	R3 634 383					
Total Irrigation Maintenance Cost (R5891,4/ha)	R1 390 370					
Planting hectares	65					
Ratoon hectares	236					
Irrigation maintenance hectares	236					
SUGARCANE (Planting; Irrigation)	R9 671 340					R9 671 340
Total Planting Cost (R38 261,70/ha)	R7 652 340					
Total Irrigation Maintenance Cost (R10 095,00/ha)	R2 019 000					
Planting hectares	200					
Irrigation maintenance hectares	200					
IRRIGATION INSTALLATION (R25 000/ha)	R5 750 000	R0	R0	R0	R0	R5 750 000
Hectares	230					
EQUIPMENT/IMPLEMENTS	R6 313 705	R0	R0	R0	R0	R6 313 705
SAFDA Managements fee 2%	R646 851					R646 851
TOTAL Funding requirement	R32 989 425	R0	R0	R0	R0	R32 989 425

UMLIMI OMNCANE KAMOB WENZA EZIBUKWAYO NAKWIMFUYO



UNozipho Mngomezulu, uqale ukugqugquzeleka kugogo wakhe osewadlula emhlabeni, njengoba ubefuye izingulube, izinkukhu, izimbuzi kanye nezinkomo. Ngemuva kokushona kuka gogo wakhe ngo 2006 kuphoqeleke ukuthi ahole ibhizinisi lomndeneni, obekuyilona abaziphilisa ngalo. Ukudayisa izingulube ikhona abekuthanda kakhulu futhi ubekwenza kahle lokhu. Ngo 2013, uNozipho uye kwenye i-workshop emsizile ekuphatheni ibhizinisi futhi ukwazile nokubhaliswa ngokusemthethweni ibhizinisi lakhe. " Ngizalelwe emndenini obuziphilisa ngemfuyo, ngakho-ke bekumele ngifunde izinto ukuze ngikwazi ukuqhubeka nebhizinisi uma ugogo engasekho. Ngikwazile ukubhalisa ibhizinisi lami Inkabanhle Farming PTY LTD ngo 2013, lapho bengidayisela amashisanyama namabhusha inyama yengulube," kusho uNozipho.

Ulandele konke okufanele ngemuva kokubhalisa inkampani yakhe. UNozipho uthi izinhlangano ezifana no-NYDA, o-SEDA nezinye izinkampani ezimsile ekutholeni uxhaso lwemali. Izinto zakhe zivuleke ngesikhathi engenela ama-awards omnyango lapho akhethwa khona nabanye njengomlimi wesifazane osemncane ohamba phambili, akawinanga kodwa lokhu kwenze wathola ulwazi abeludinga ukuze akhulise ibhizinisi lakhe futhi athole uxhaso lwezimali. Ngingenele ama-awards omnyango ngonyaka ophelile, kodwa angiwina kodwa bengingazi ukuthi lokhu kuzongivulela iminyango ethile njengoba ngikwazile ukuthola uxhaso lwemali engu- R4.6 million kwa-Department of Agriculture. Kulama-awards bekufanele izikhulu zoMnyango zivakashele izindawo zethu zokusebenza, ilapho abakwazile ukubona umsebenzi wami kahle," kusho uNozipho.

UNozipho ubenenkontileka nabakwa-Darnall Abattoir kodwa amaphupho akhe aye ngokukhula wabe eseqala efuna abantu abazomsiza ngokwezimali ukuze avule eyakhe i-abattoir. Abalimi bemfuyo abanengi bahlangabezane nezinkinga zegciwane ebelihlasela izinyawo nemilomo yezilwane okwenze bangakwazi ukuthutha imfuyo yabo, ilapho eqhamuke nesu lokuba ne-abattoir yakhe. "Njengabalimi bemfuyo siba nezingqinamba eziningi uma kuvela igciwane lezinyawo nomlomo ngoba asikwazi ukuthutha imfuyo okwenza silahlekelwe ngokwezimali, ngemuva kokubona lokhu kusihlasela izikhathi eziningi ngibone kungcono ngithole uxhaso ukuze ngakhe eyami i-abattoir."

Eminyakeni emihlanu ezayo uNozipho uzibona esenebhusha yakhe ezoba sezindaweni ezahlukene KwaZulu-Natal agcine eseyisabalalise nakwezinye izifunda ngoba akasebenzi ngezingulube kuphela kodwa unezinkukhu, izimbuzi nezinkomo. "Ngifuna ukukhula, ngifuna ukuba nebhusha engeke ibeseJozini kuphela, ngifuna agcwale i-KZN yonke futhi ngidayisele nezitolo ezinkulu ezidayisa inyama," kubeka uNozipho.

Lomnikazi we-Inkabanhle Farming ukhuthaza intsha yakulelizwe ukuthi iqale amabhizinisi ayo ingalindi ukuqashwa izinkampani. Izwe lethu lunentsha eningi engasebenzi. "Ngifuna ukugqugquzela intsha ukuthi iziqalele amabhizinisi ayo, ingalindi ukuqashwa, isibonelo imina ngine Diploma ye-Occupational Health and Safety kodwa angikaze ngiyisebenzise, lokhu akungivimbanga ukwenza into engiyithandayo okuwukhulisa imfuyo futhi ngenza kahle kulomkhakha," kusho uNozipho.

I-SAFDA IBAMBISANE NE-GREEN CLOUD TECHNOLOGIES UKUHLOLA NOKUHLAZIYA UHLELO LOKULIMA LWE-DARD.

I-SAFDA Farm Management Services (Pty) Ltd, njengenglangano yanikezwa umsebenzi wezinyanga ezingu-36 wokuhlaziya nokuqapha uhlelo lokutshala esifundazweni saKwaZulu-Natali, lomsebenzi iwuthole kwi Department of Agriculture and Rural Development uzokwenziwa kuleminyaka elandelayo: 2020/21, 2021/22 no 2022/2023

I-SAFDA isizinikele ekuletheni ulwazi neminingwane afanele kulomnyango, ingakho yangena esivumelwaneni seminyaka emithathu nabe Green Cloud Technologies ngo Septhemba ka 2020. I-SAFDA isiyakhe uhlelo lokuthola ulwazi ngokubambisana nophathina bayo i-Green Cloud Technologies. Loluhlelo lusebenzisa ithuluzi lokuthola ulwazi, lapho ithimba lakwa-SAFDA elisebenza ezindaweni zamasimi lithatha khona iminingwane kuma-tablets, mese iminingwane etholakele

ifakwe kubuchwepheshe bamakhompuytha okuhambisana nendawo yokucina ubufakazi bezinto ezitholakele.

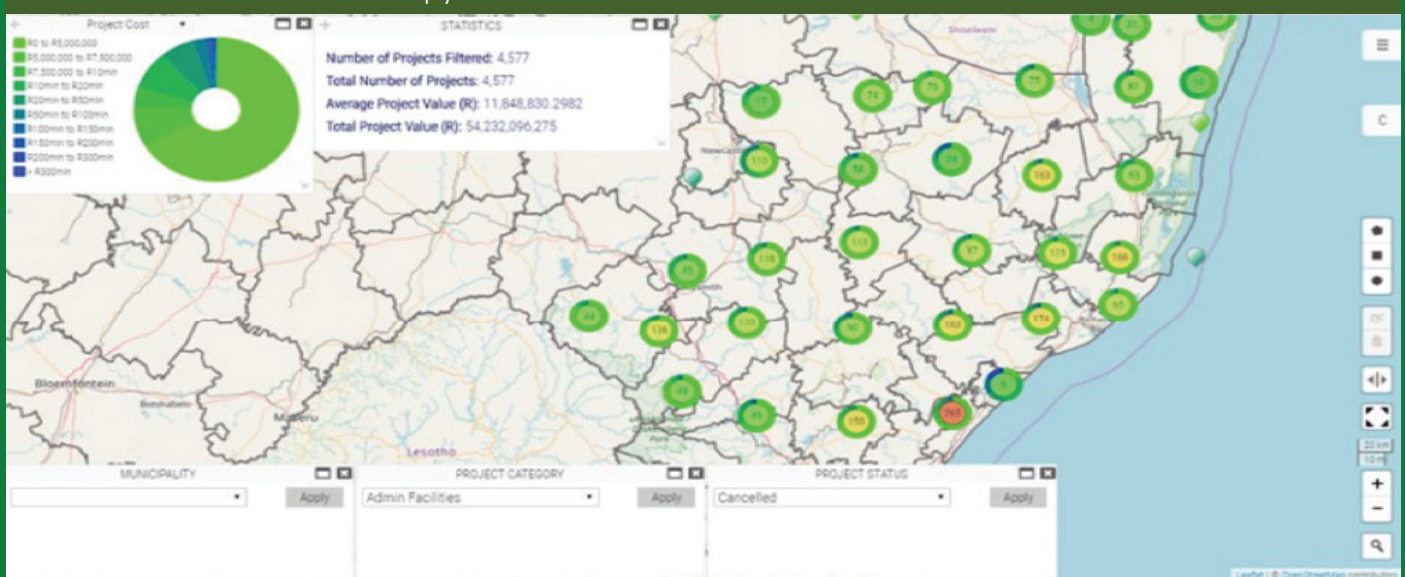
Umvuzo walokhu kubambisana ukuthi uma i-SAFDA idinga umhlaziyi wangaphandle ozohlaziya izinkinga i-SAFDA engakwazanga ukuzibona ngokushesha, abe-Green Cloud bazokwenzela i-SAFDA lokho. Okunye ukuthi i-Green Cloud izokwazi ukuletha izixazululo ezihlukile ezihambisana nezidingo ze-SAFDA, isibonelo ukugcina kweminingwane endaweni ezotholakala kalula kuyo futhi iphinde isetshenziswe esikhathini esizayo. Uma kukhona ubungozi obuvelayo, abe Green Cloud bazokwazi ukuvikela inhlangothi kulobo bungozi. Ubuchwepheshe obulethwa abe-Green Cloud kuzosiza abasebenzi bakwa-SAFDA bakwazi ukwenza imisebenzi yabo kahle. Umphumela kuzoba ukuthi ama-District Coordinator,

nezimenenja zizokwazi ukwenza umsebenzi obalulekile kwinhlangano.



Isithombe esingezansi sikhombisa ukuthi iminingwane izofakwa kanjani kuhlelo lobuchwepheshe lwamakhompuytha.

SYSTEM OVERVIEW



A home for all progressive farmers.



SA FARMERS
DEVELOPMENT
Association

Okunye okubalulekile ukuthi loluhlelo seluhlolwe ngokusemthethweni ngabasehlovisi lika Auditor General ngenxa yemininingwane engahambisani nemibiko ehanjiswa, ingakho i-SAFDA ibekiwe umnyango ukuthi ilungise futhi ithuthukise ukuhlolwa nokuqapha lezinhlalo. Umnyango usuveze ukuncoma nokubonga indima edlalwe i-SAFDA kulohlelo.

Umhlahlandlela walephrojekthi ukucubungula amadokhumenti e-season yokutshala, okubalwa kukho ama-templates

asetshenziswa ukufaka imininingwane, amadokhumenti obufakazi ukuze kubhekwe ukuthi izinhlelo zisebenza ngendlela efanele. Kuzogxilwa kakhulu ekuqiniseni i-M&E System, ukwakha nokuthuthukisa umsebenzi wama-extension officers kanye nokukhiqiza imininingwane efanele nokwenza ngcono uhlelo lwe-M&E system. Lokhu okulandelayo ngezinye izinto okuzofanele zifezeke ngokuhambisana nenkontileka esayiniwe:

- Ukuqinisa nokuthuthukisa uhlelo lokuqapha nokucubungula,

okuzohlenganiswa namathuluzi okuphatha nokwenza imibiko okuzohlela ekutheni kufakwe imininingwane eqondile, okubalwa kukho imininingwane yendawo.

- Ukuqhamuka nezincomo zoshintsho okumele lwenziwe kwinqubomgomo ukuze lwenziwe kangcono uhlelo lwe-Multi-Season Planting Programme (MSP). Lapha kungabalwa izincomo ezithinta ukuthuthukiswa kwendlela yokuqapha namathuluzi afanele okumele asetshenziswe ukuletha umbiko.

INTSHA YASEMAKHAYA ITHOLE IZIKU EZIMQOKA ZEMBONI YEZOLIMO



I-SAFDA isingathe umcimbi wokuthweswa kweziqu we-NARYSEC wekilasi lika 2019 ngo Disemba 2021 ngemuva kokuphothula izifundo zabo ze-national certificate kwi-plant production abazenze izinyanga ezingu-24 ebezenziwa ngaphansi kwe-Shukela Training Centre ngokuxhaswa uSAFDA kanye nabe Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development. Umnyango ithathe intsha engu-50 ngo 2019, kulandela ukusayinwa kwe-SLA ngo 2015 umnyango ne-SAFDA. I-National Rural Youth Service Corps (Narysec) uhlelo lokuthuthukiswa kwamakhono entsha kanye nokwakha amathuba emisebenzi oluhlose ukushintsha izimpilo zentsha ehlala emakhaya, ukuze bangabi abantu abafuna imisebenzi kodwa bakhe imisebenzi bona, okuyinto ezosiza ekutheni intsha inganciki kwimali yesibonelelo

sikahulumeni ukuze iphile.

Lomcimbi wokuthweswa iziqu ubuthanyelwe ubuholi be-SAFDA, buholwa uDkt Siyabonga Madlala, umnyango umelwe uNhlanhla Mndaweni, oyi-Chief Director kwi-KZN PSSC (Provincial Shared Services Center) kanye nabaphathi be-Shukela Training Centre (STC) beholwa uThami Mathe, oyi-General Manager yakhona. Inkulamo yosuku ithulwe uSekela Sihlalo we-SASA, Joanmariae Fubbs, obongele intsha ephothule izifundo zayo ngaphansi kohlelo lwe-Narysec wabe esegcizelela ukubaluleka kokuthuthukisa amakhono entsha. "Ukutshala imali kwintsha kuwumsebenzi obalulekile okumele siwenze njengohulumeni ngoba intsha iyona ezoba abaholi bezwe eminyakeni ezayo," kusho uFubbs.

Ngenxa yomsebenzi waloluhlelo omuhle, abanye abafundi abenze umsebenzi kwabanye amafamu sebegashwe abanikazi awo ngemuva kokuqeda ama-learnership ngokukhulu ukuzinikela nokuzikhandla. Abafundi abanengi sebesungule ama-co-ops ukuze basebenze kumafamu kamoba abengaphansi kwaloluhlelo. Ngokombiko othulwe abe-STC, abafundi baphazamisekile ngesikhathi kuvalwe izinto eziningi ezweni ngenxa ye-Covid-19, edale ukuthi abafundi balahlekelwe izinyanga ezintathu nohafu zokufunda, kodwa ukuzithemba kwabafundi kubuyile ngesikhathi sekubuyelwa emsebenzini. Ngokombiko, abafundi benza kahle futhi bakhombisa intshisakalo enkulu kwemboni yokutshala umoba.

MPUMALANGA SIYANQOBA ISINGATHE IMBIZO EBHEYIMPUMELELO



SA FARMERS
DEVELOPMENT
Association



Ubuholi be-SAFDA eMpumalanga buhlele i-Siyanqoba Imbizo njengengxenywe yabo yokukhuthaza nokufaka ugqozi abalimi bendawo. Ngo 2020, lesifundazwe sihlalagabazane nobunzima, ingakho kube nesidingo sokusingatha Imbizo ukuze kukhulunywe ngezindlela ebezikhononokukhiphaisitatimende esiveza ukuthi banqoba bonke ababazama ukudicilela phansi umsebenzi omuhle asebewenzile. Lomcimbi ubuthanyelwe abantu abangu-500 ngenxa yemithetho ebibekiwe ye-Covid-19 eyenze inhlangothi yangenza izinhlelo ezinkulu njengenjwayelo.

UDkt Siyabonga Madlala, Ongusihlalo Ophuzulu we-SAFDA, ukhulume nabalimi kulembizo futhi wababonga abalimi ngokubambisana ngemuva

kwezinto zonke ezenzekile futhi bakhetha ukuqapha izinto ngeso lokhozi baqhubeka nokwenza umsebenzi. "Ayikho into ejabulisa njengokubona abalimi abamnyama besebenzisana futhi benenhloso eyodwa, okuyinto esikhombisayo ukuthi thina njengabantu emnyama singakwazi ukwakha izinhlangano zethu futhi sikhuphe wonke lomqondo ongemuva ohlanganiswa nezinhlangano zabantu abamnyama," kusho uDkt Madlala. UDkt Madlala uphinde washayela ihlombe ubuholi obukhona njengamanje nabasebenzi base-Mpumalanga abaqinisekise ukuthi abalimi bayanakekelwa ngaso sonke isikhathi.

USihlalo wabalimi abasathuthuka eMpumalanga, u-Enerst Mashabane uncome abalimi

bakulesifundazwe ngokweseka inhlangothi ngezikhathi zobunzima, wakubiza ngokunqoba okukhulu lokhu. "Balimi, nenze umsebenzi oncomekayo. Nihombise ukuzinikela, iqiniso namandla okunqoba kwi-SAFDA. Lenhlangothi iyikhaya lethu, futhi uma sike sayishiya sizovaleleka ngaphandle ngoba akekho ozosinakekela futhi asisize. Asiqhubeke nokusebenza ngokubambisana ukuze kusizakale i-SAFDA," kusho uMashabane.

Esifundazweni sase-Mpumalanga kukhona abalimi abangaphezulu kuka 1 200 kanye nomhlaba olinganiselwa ku 9 000-hectare osetshenziswa abalimi nomunye ongaphezulu ku 55 000-hectare ongakagunyazwa okumele ubengowabalimi abangaphansi kohlalo lokubuyiselwa komhlaba.



I-SAFDA ILULELE AMAPHIKO AYO E-EASTERN CAPE

Inhlangano ye-South African Farmers Development Association (SAFDA) isayine isivumelwano, phecelezi i-Memorandum of Agreement ne-Ncora CPA, okuwumphakathi ose-Eastern Cape. I-SAFDA izosebenza emhlabeni ongu-4500ha kuleyandawo. Abe-NCORA CPA ne-SAFDA babeke uhlelo olwaziwa nge-Transitional Management Model okuzokwenza ukuthi i-NCORA CPA isuke ekusebenziseni i-Strategic Partnership Model (yokuphatha ibhizinisi ngokubambisana) iye kwi Management Assistant Model (Mentorship) okuzokwenza labo abanomhlaba bathole amandla okuziphathela umhlaba nemisebenzi yokulima eyenziwa kuwo ngaphansi kwe-Self-Management Model. Ukubeka uhlelo lwe-Transitional Model kwe-SAFDA kusho ukuthi i-SAFDA izosiza i-NCORA CPA ize ikwazi ukuzimela lapho ezobasiza njengabaluleki kumafamu asebenzayo isikhathi esithile okuzovunyelwana ngaso.

I-SAFDA ngokubambisana ne-Ncora CPA, uhulumeni nezinye

izinhloko babambe izingxoxo futhi baqhamuka nombono wokuthi kwakhiwe amathuba okwenziwa komsebenzi wezolimo eNcora. Lezingxoxo seziholele ekutheni kusayinwe isivumelwano se-Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) phakathi kwe-SAFDA ne-Ncora CPA. I-SAFDA inolwazi olunzulungomnotho wezolimo, nokuphathwa kwamafamu okuzosiza ekukhuliseni -Ncora Irrigation Scheme, nomsebenzi wezolimo abawenzayo. Ukubambisana nazo zonke izinhloko ezibalulekile ikhona okuzovula lelithuba kwi-Ncora. Njengoba sekukhona isivumelwano sokusebenzisana phakathi kwe-DALRRD ne-SAFDA, kanye nokubakhona kwamaphrojekthi aphumelelayo azokwakhiwa ngokubambisana esifundazweni saKwaZulu-Natali naseMpumalanga, kuzoba ubufakazi obuveza ukuthi kusetshenzwa ngendlela.

Imiphakathi yaseNcora engaphansi kweNkosi uZwelivumile, Inkosi Zwelenqaba neNkosi

uLangelivelile isilinde ukubuyiselwa komhlaba ngokomthetho ngasemaphethelweni alonyaka.

Imiphakathi isiqalile ukusebenzisana ne-SAFDA ukuze isebenze kumhlaba wayo. Lezitshalo ezilandelayo izona esezibekwe etafuleni ukuze lemiphakathi ikwazi ukuzinza esikhathini nesizayo.

- Umbila o-yellow, indawo engu 500 ha isilinyiwe ukuze inikeze zonke izimfuno ezidingwa Amadlelo Agri zinsuku zonk ukuze bakwazi ukukhulisa imakethe
- Umbila omhlophe, indawo engu 250 ha isilinyelwe ukutshala umbila nokuwupakisha kusetshenziswa amandla akhona njengamanje omshini.
- Indawo yezitshalo zokudla engu 45 ha eyenzelwe umphakathi nemindeneni esendaweni
- Izitshalo ezifana nezihlahla zamakinati – ezinhlobo ezahlukene njenge-macadamia, ama-walnut noma izihlahla zamawolintshi, zibekelwe indawo engu 25 ha



Ukutshalwa kombila omhlophe vele sekuhlongozwe njengeline lamathuba amahle okwenza imali eNcora. Kuzotshalwa umbila omhlophe kuma-hectare angu-250 ukuze umphakathi uqale ukusebenza nokudayisa lomkhiqizo. Uhulumeni usetshale umshini wokusebenza ngombala oyi 4ton/hr khona eNcora. Lena indawo entsha enezinto zikagesi ne-generator. Lelithuba lenziwe ngenhloso yokusebenzisa imishini ebingasetshenziswa kakhulu. Lombila omhlophe uzogayiwa ukuze ukhiqize impuphu yekhetelo futhi kwenziwe ukudla kwezilwane ngayo.

Inhloso enkulu yalekhomishana ukusiza uhlelo lokubuyiselwa umhlaba nokuphuthula izicelo ezifakiwe. Noma izicelo eziningi sezenziwe kuleminyaka emibalwa edlule, kodwa zisaningi izinselelo ezibhekene ne-CRLR emizameni yayo yokuxazulula izicelo ezifakwayo ngendlela efanele. Kudingeka wonke umuntu othintekayo afake isandla ukuze kuqinisekise ukuthi labo abafaka izicelo abahlomuli nje kuphela ngaphansi kohlelo lokubuyiselwa komhlaba, kodwa lowomhlaba uphathwa ngendlela ezosiza labo abawutholayo baziphilise kangcono futhi bakhulise imboni yezolimo.

I-SAFDA izobheka amakhono nolwazi labantu abathole umhlaba kwezolimo kanye nokuphathwa kwamabhizinisi, mese yenza izinhlelo zokubaqeqesha, ithuthukise amakhono futhi bathole iziqu. Inhloso yokubaqeqesha amakhono abantu ukunikeza i-CPA nalabo abathole umhlaba ulwazi olunzulu ngomsebenzi, umsebenzi wezandla owenziwayo kanye namakhono athinta ezokuxhumana ukuze bakwazi ukwenza umkhiqizo futhi bakhe ithimba elisebenza kahle ezindaweni zabo.

Ukuqala umsebenzi wokukhiqiza umbila omhlophe kuzonciphisa izindleko ezikhona ezibhekana nezitolo zendawo, futhi kuzosiza nezindawo ezipholisa impesheni kanye nomnyango weZemfundo ohlelweni lawo wokunikeza izingane ukudla. Impuphu emhlophe izofakwa kumasaka angu 25kg kuya ku 50 kg ukuze idayiswe endaweni ukuze kunciphe izindleko zokuthutha nokugibela kulemiphakathi, futhi lokhu kuzokwakha amathuba emisebenzi endaweni.



KUTHULWE USOSESINI WABALIMI BASEMTHONJANENI



I-Mthonjaneni Farmers' Association yasungulwa ngo Mashi 2020 ngemuva kwesivumelwano sokuphatha ngokubambisana kwayo ne-SAFDA, esasayinwa ngaphambi kokusungulwa kwalososeshini. Ngenyanga ka Febhuwari walonyaka, lososeshini uthule amahhovisi awo waphinde wazithula wona uqobo okuqala. Lomcimbi wokwethulwa ubuthanyelwe ubuholi be-SAFDA, amalungu e-CEC kanye namalunga omphakathi oholwa Inkosi yeSizwe saseNtembeni. Njengoba abalimi abaningi besebasha kulomkhakha, inhloso enkulu yalososeshini ukwakha ubumbano phakathi kwabalimi bonke balendawo nokuba isizinda sokwabelana ngolwazi.

UMntwana uMandla Zulu uthule inkulumo lapho amukele khona izithameli, waqhakambisa ukubaluleka kwalososeshini owakhiwe ngezincomo ze-SAFDA. Uthe ukubuyiselwa umhlaba kufana nokubuyiswa isithunzi somuntu omnyama. Abantu abebesebenzisa umhlaba wethu bancisha omkhuluyise bethu isithunzi, ngakho ukuthola umhlaba wethu kusho ukuthi sikwazile ukubuyiswa isithunzi

sabo. "Phambilini besibona abantu besebenzisa umhlaba wethu noma kanjani futhi singenzi lutho ngaphambi kokuthi izicelo zethu zokubuyiselwa umhlaba ziphumelele, futhi besiphokelekile ukumela lokho esifuna ukukwenza ngomhlaba wethu," kubeka uZulu.

Usihlalo Ophezulu we-SAFDA, uDkt Siyabonga Madlala othule inkulumo yosuku ugcizelele eyokuthembeka nokubaluleka kokulwela lokho okuzimfanelo zabo. UDkt. Madlala akakaze vele abenamahloni okukhuluma iqiniso nakulokhu akazibambanga. "Abantu base Mthonjaneni akufanele bakhohlwe ukuthi sifike kanjani lapha esikhona. Ngiyabona abanye sebeziphatha ngendlela ehlukile futhi abasathembekile enhlanganweni. Ukuthembeka nokwenza izinto obala kubalulekile uma sisebenza ngokubambisana siyisizwe, lokhu kuyasakha isizwe futhi siyakwazi ukuzuzisa izinto esizifisayo. Ngithanda ukucela abalimi base Mthonjaneni ukuthi bangalahlekelwa ukuthembeka kwabo futhi bangakhohlwa ukuthi ubani obasebeka ngezikhathi ezinzima," kusho Dkt Madlala.



I-SAFDA inesivumelwano sokuphatha ngokubambisana nemiphakathi emine yase Melmoth okuyi Ntembeni, Isizwe Sakwa-Dludla, Emakhasaneni nemiphakathi yase-Ntembeni Royal House ezungeze uMasipala waseMthonjaneni. I-SAFDA ibisebenza nalama-Trust iminyaka engaphezulu kwemibili futhi yakwazi ukugcina imisebenzi yabantu kulamafamu. Kunabasebenzi abangaphezulu kuka 50 abaqashwe ngokuphelele nabangu 350 abayitoho abaqashwe kulamafamu, futhi imali abayitholayo idlala indima enkulu emnothweni wendawo yase-Melmoth.



AMATHUBA ABALIMI BETHU ENINGIZIMU AFRIKA AVELA KUMKHIQIZO WE-HEMP *Cannabis sativa* L

I-South African Farmers Development Association (SAFDA) imataza ibhekela abalimi amathuba okwenza imikhiqizo abazoyidayisa kwezinye izimakethe ezikhona embonini yezolimo ngenhloso yokwenza amabhezini abo ukuthi azinze eminyakeni ezayo. Inkulumbo ethulwe uMongameli uCyril Ramaphosa kwinkomfa ye-SONA inikeze i-SAFDA amasu nomqondo wokulandelela lamathuba. Okubalulekile ezinhlelweni zokuletha ushintsho kanye namaprojekthi aholwa i-SAFDA ukunciphisa izindleko abalimi ababhekana nazo futhi ikhulise inzuzo abayenzayo. Ukungena ezimakethe nokwenza imikhiqizo ehlukeni kwezolimo kuletha amathuba okungenisa inzuzo eyengeziwe kubalimi bethu abamnyama futhi babe yingxenye yemikhiqizo emisha yezolimo.

I-Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development isibone ithuba kukuhle ukubheka amathuba alethwa i-Hemp, *Cannabis sativa* L ngesikhathi yakha umqulu we-Agriculture

and Agro-processing Masterplan (AAMP) futhi yabala lesitshalo njengesikulungele ukutshalwa embonini. Lokhu kuyasikhuthaza kakhulu njenge-SAFDA, sithemba ukuthi uma sekuphuthulwe i-AAMP kuzolandela umthetho-sisekelo kanye nokukhiqizwa kwalesitshalo esivele sesilinywa futhi senza izimpahla ezihlukene emazweni amaningi. Sidinga uhulumeni anikeze usizo lwezimali abalimi bethu abamnyama ukuze bakwazi ukusebenzisa amathuba khona okwenza imikhiqizo yezolimo ehlukeni futhi bakhulise umnotho wasezindaweni zasemakhaya eNingizimu Afrika.

Siyazi ukuthi i-Hemp, phecelezi i-*Cannabis sativa* L, ingesinye sezitshalo ezindala emhlabeni. I-Hemp itshalwe emazweni amaningi okubalwa kuwo i-China, Canada, i-Russia neMelika kanye nasemazweni ase-Europe. Kulamazwe i-Hemp isetshenziselwa izinto eziningi nokwenza imikhiqizo eyizinkulungwane njengezimpahla zokugqoka kuya

ezimpahleni zasendlini nezinto zokugcoba; iphinde isetshenziswe ezingubeni zokugqoka, izicathulo, amanabukeni, izintambo, amacanvas, upende, uphethilomu, izigcobiso, oplastiki, amabhulokisi kasemende, ukudla nokwenza insipho. Njengoba kusobala ukuthi uma abalimi bethu abamnyama bengasebenzisa ithuba lokutshala i-Hemp, *Cannabis sativa* L, bangakwazi ukungena ezimakethe ezintsha kulelizwe futhi badayise imikhiqizo emazweni angaphandle.

Lesitshalo sidinga indawo engashisi kakhulu nemvula yonyaka elinganiselwa ku 500 kuya ku 700 mm. I-Hemp isuke isikulungele ukuvunwa ngemuva kwezinsuku ezingu 120 (okuyizinyanga ezine) ngemuva kokutshalwa. Lelithuba elihle lokutshala lezithelo kubalimi bethu njengesitshalo esengeziwe noma abalimi basenze isithelo esihamba phambili. Lokhu uzokwenza ikakhulukazi uma uhulumeni eseka umthetho-sisekelo nokwakhiwa kwalemboni eNingizimu Afrika.

